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# This book belongs to







"It pumps up your immune system's power

by giving antibodies at your treatment time and hour.

I call it "Superjuice" because it builds up your protection to make your body stronger to defend against infection."

## "I have another question, why do I need antibodies?"

"Because germs are on the loose getting mean and acting naughty,

causing lots of trouble from the inside to the out!"

Charlie paid attention closely but Zee could sense the doubt.

## "How about if I show you?" Zee had a brand-new plan.

"What if instead of talking, you could SEE it all firsthand?

I can share it on a special phone to give you lots of wisdom

as I take you on a guided tour of your immune system!"

















## SEEKAND FIND

**See if you can find:** Germs on chopsticks, a soup ladle of germs, a bag of chips, a germ lollipop, a giant bucket of germs, an apron, germ pasta, a germ muffin, a baseball hat, germ pizza, a germ sandwich, a germ slurpee.

## "It's lunchtime in the all-you-can-eat germ cafeteria!

See these phagocytes eating parasites and bacteria? Phagocytes are immune cells and really fun guys who crave eating particles and crunching fungi.

## Munch munch! Nom nom! Gobble everywhere.

They call in other phagocytes because they love to share.

Their name means "cells that eat" as you can clearly see.

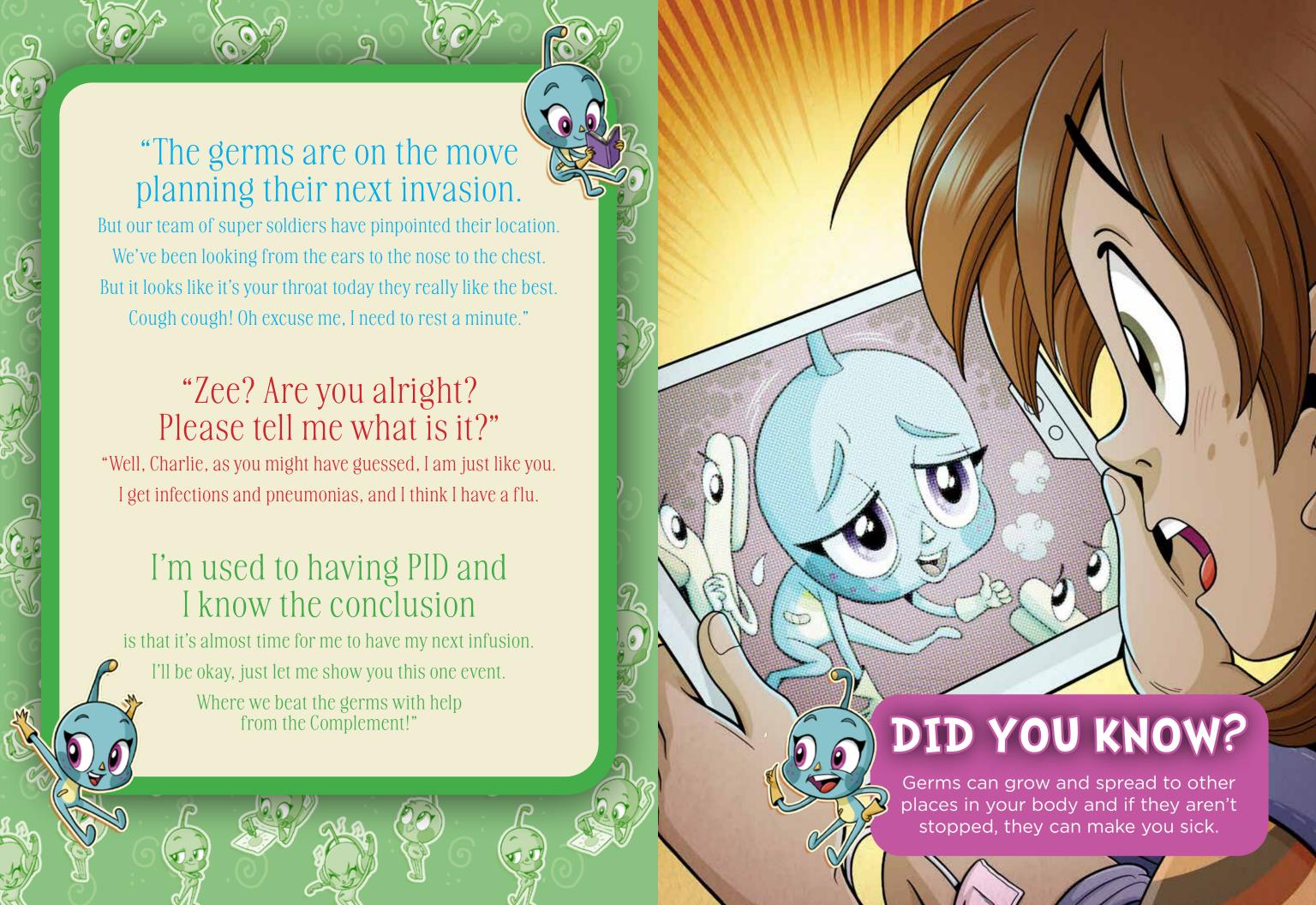
No matter morning, noon or night, they're always hungry!

## When you're feeling sick or ill they'll always have your back.

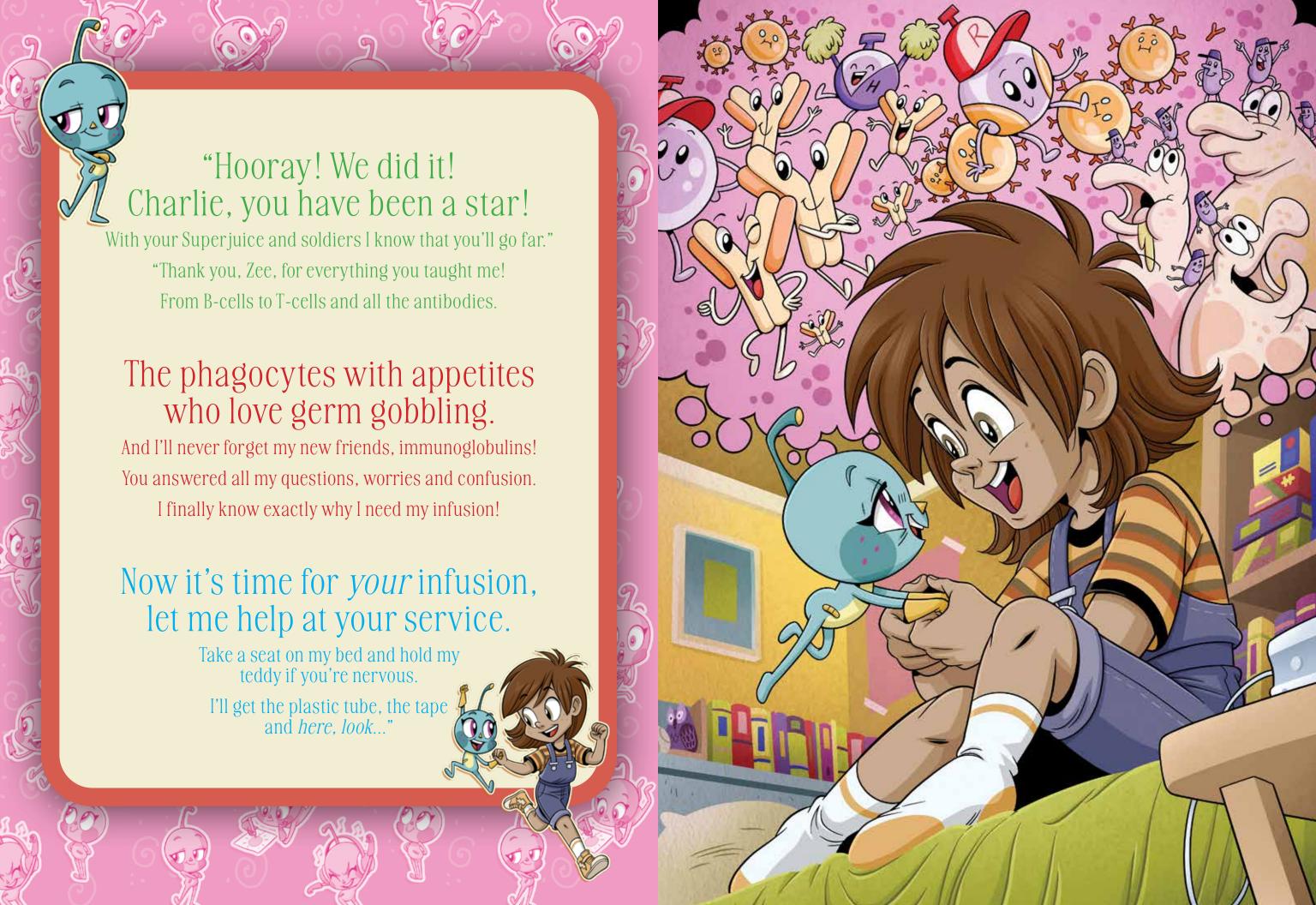
Looking for germs to kill and then swallow for a snack.

They've got an appetite to help when viruses are vicious.

And even clean their dishes — every germ is so delicious!"







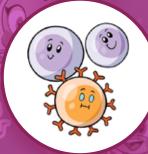


## GLOSSARY

## TIBODIES

Proteins made by B-cells that help fight infections. They are shaped like the letter "Y" and attach themselves to germs.

#### B-CELLS



A type of white blood cell in your immune system that makes antibodies.

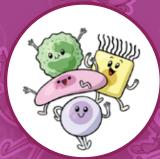
CONSTEMENTS

#### SACTERIA



Teeny tiny bugs made up of just one cell. Some bacteria are good, but bad ones can cause infections. Medicines called antibiotics help treat bacterial infections.

#### CELLS



Cells are the building blocks of all living things. You have trillions of cells that make up everything in your body.

#### FUNGI

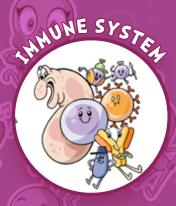


A type of germ that looks like a little plant. They can cause fungal infections.

#### GERMS



Foreign invaders like bacteria, viruses, fungi and parasites that can come into our bodies and make us sick. Washing your hands helps keep germs away.



A group of proteins that

work together, like a team,

to fight germs.

A group of protectors that works together to defend us against germs that come into our bodies and make us sick.

## NOGLOBI

Another word for antibodies. There are different types of immunoglobulins that help fight infections.

## What does that mean?

## WEECTION

Infections happen when germs get into your body and make you feel sick.



One way to get medicine into your body. In PID, an infusion gives you the antibodies you need to fight infections.



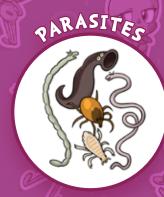
White blood cells, including B-cells and T-cells, that play key roles in your immunity and immune responses.

## LEUTROPHILL

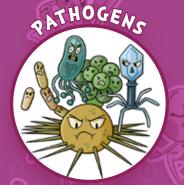
A type of white blood cell essential for fighting bacterial infections. They are also a type of phagocyte.



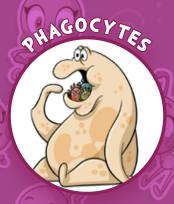
A cream you can put on your skin before an infusion. It might feel a little funny at first, but it'll help you get ready for your medicine.



Another type of germ that could live on or inside a person's body and harm them.



A big word that's just another way of saying "germs". These could be bacteria, viruses, fungi or parasites



Phagocytes are another type of protector we have. They kill germs by eating them.



A condition some people are born with where their immune system is not working properly so they get sick more often.

# Big words, simple meahings

PROTEINS



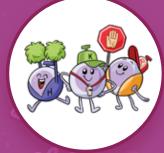
Proteins are tiny structures in our bodies. Different proteins have different jobs to do to keep our bodies working. SUBCUTANEOUS

This is a big word that means "under the skin".
Some medicines are given under the skin.



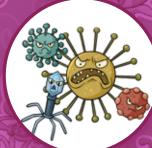
This is not a juice you drink! It's a name for the medicine that will make you stronger.

T.CELLS

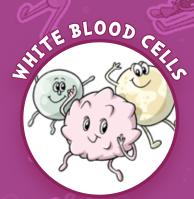


T-cells are an important part of the immune system. They help with finding and destroying infected cells to protect you from disease.

VIRUSES



Another type of germ that is even smaller than bacteria. Inside the body, viruses spread and make you feel sick. Colds and flus come from viruses.



A group of cells that include neutrophils, lymphocytes and others that work together to fight infections.





You can listen to the audio version of this book at JourneyToInfusion.com





